Agency 105

State Board of Indigents' Defense Services

Articles

105-4. Entitlement to Legal Representation.

105-5. Attorney Compensation.

105-11. REIMBURSEMENT FROM DEFENDANT.

Article 4.—ENTITLEMENT TO LEGAL REPRESENTATION

105-4-1. Determination of eligibility. (a) At the commencement of proceedings against any defendant, the defendant may apply for legal representation at state expense by submitting, to the court, an affidavit of indigency on a form provided by the board. The court shall determine if the defendant is indigent, based upon consideration of

the following factors, as defined in K.A.R. 105-4-

(1) The defendant's liquid assets;

- (2) the defendant's household income;
- (3) either the defendant's actual, reasonable, and necessary expenses incurred to support the defendant's household or the most current federal poverty guidelines, as published by the U.S. department of health and human services, for the defendant's family unit;
- (4) the anticipated cost of private legal representation; and
- (5) any transfer of property by the defendant without adequate monetary consideration after the date of the alleged commission of the offense.
- (b) An eligible indigent defendant shall mean a person whose combined household income and liquid assets equal less than the most current federal poverty guidelines, as published by the U.S. department of health and human services, for the defendant's family unit.
- (c) The court may also consider any special circumstances affecting the defendant's eligibility for legal representation at state expense.
- (d) If the court determines that the defendant is financially able to employ counsel after counsel has been appointed, the court shall require the defendant to reimburse the board in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 22-4510, and amendments thereto, for all or part of the expenditures

made on the defendant's behalf. (Authorized by K.S.A. 22-4504 and K.S.A. 22-4522; implementing K.S.A. 22-4504 and K.S.A. 22-4510; effective May 1, 1984; amended, T-105-10-3-05, Oct. 3, 2005; amended Feb. 17, 2006; amended, T-105-8-16-10, Aug. 16, 2010; amended Nov. 5, 2010.)

Definition of terms. Terms used to determine eligibility for indigents' defense services shall have the following meanings: (a) Household income. The defendant's household income shall be defined as the defendant's income and the income of all other persons related by birth, marriage, or adoption who reside with the defendant. Income shall include the total cash receipts before taxes from all resources, including money, wages, and the net receipts from nonfarm or farm self-employment. Income shall include regular payments from a governmental income maintenance program, alimony, child support, public or private pensions, annuities, and income from dividends, interest, rents, royalties, or periodic receipts from estates or trusts.

- (b) Liquid assets. The defendant's liquid assets shall be defined as cash in hand, stocks and bonds, accounts at financial institutions, real property or homestead having a net value greater than \$50,000, a car, and any other property that can be readily converted to cash, with the following exceptions:
- (1) The defendant's clothing, household furnishings, and any personal property that is exempt from attachment or levy of execution by K.S.A. 60-2304, and amendments thereto; and
- (2) any other property, except a homestead having a net value greater than \$50,000, that is exempt from attachment or levy of execution by K.S.A. 60-2301 et seq., and amendments thereto.

The net value of the homestead shall be the fair market value less the mortgage, other encumbrances, and the reasonable cost of sale. The net value of any property transferred after the date of the alleged commission of the offense shall be included in the determination of the defendant's liquid assets.

- (c) Transfer of property.
- (1) If the defendant has transferred property after the alleged commission of the offense, the court shall determine the reason for the transfer of property and whether adequate monetary consideration was received. If adequate monetary consideration was not received, the court shall presume that the transfer was made for the purpose of establishing eligibility unless the defendant furnishes clear and convincing evidence that the transfer was made exclusively for another purpose.
- (2) If a transfer was made either for the purpose of establishing eligibility or without adequate monetary consideration and the property is reconveyed to the defendant or an adjustment is made by which the defendant receives full value, the defendant shall, if otherwise qualified, be eligible to receive legal representation at state expense. (Authorized by K.S.A. 22-4504 and 22-4522; implementing K.S.A. 22-4504; effective May 1, 1984; amended Nov. 1, 1996; amended, T-105-7-22-11, July 22, 2011; amended Nov. 14, 2011.)
- **105-4-3.** Affidavit of indigency. A standard format for an affidavit of indigency shall include the following information: (a) The defendant's liquid assets and household income;
 - (b) the defendant's household expenses;
- (c) any extraordinary financial obligations of the defendant;
 - (d) the size of the defendant's household; and
- (e) any transfer of property by the defendant after the date of the alleged commission of the offense.

If the information provided by the defendant on the affidavit is unclear, incomplete, contradictory, or questionable, further inquiry may be conducted by the board, the court, the county or district attorney, or other officer assigned by the court. The affidavit of indigency forms shall be published and distributed annually to the judicial administrator and to the administrative judge of each district. (Authorized by K.S.A. 22-4522; implementing K.S.A. 22-4504; effective May 1, 1984; amended May 1, 1985; amended, T-105-7-22-11, July 22, 2011; amended Nov. 14, 2011.)

Article 5.—ATTORNEY COMPENSATION

- **105-5-2.** Rates of compensation. (a) Each assigned counsel shall be compensated at the rate of \$62 per hour.
- (b) Contract counsel shall be compensated at the rate or rates specified in the contract between the board and the assigned counsel. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 22-4507 and 22-4522; effective May 1, 1984; amended May 1, 1988; amended, T-105-6-13-88, July 1, 1988; amended Oct. 31, 1988; amended July 1, 1993; amended, T-105-6-15-93, July 1, 1993; amended Aug. 16, 1993; amended March 28, 1994; amended Aug. 20, 1999; amended, T-105-7-5-06, July 5, 2006; amended Nov. 13, 2006; amended, T-105-8-16-10, Aug. 16, 2010; amended Nov. 5, 2010.)
- **105-5-3.** Appellate courts; compensation. (a) For services performed in appealing a case to the court of appeals or the Kansas supreme court, compensation shall be paid at the rate prescribed in K.A.R. 105-5-2.
- (b) Compensation for attorneys' services in cases appealed to the Kansas supreme court or the court of appeals shall not exceed \$1,240. However, additional compensation may be approved by the board. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 22-4507 and 22-4522; effective May 1, 1984; amended May 1, 1985; amended Aug. 20, 1999; amended, T-105-7-5-06, July 5, 2006; amended Nov. 13, 2006; amended, T-105-8-16-10, Aug. 16, 2010; amended Nov. 5, 2010.)
- **105-5-6.** Reasonable compensation; nontried cases. (a) Each appointed and assigned attorney shall be compensated for time expended in representing indigent defendants and other indigent persons at the hourly rate prescribed in K.A.R. 105-5-2. Except as provided in K.A.R. 105-5-8, reasonable compensation shall not exceed \$1,240 in the following cases:
- (1) Those felony cases in the trial court that are classified as non-drug offenses of severity levels 1 through 5 that are not submitted to a judge or jury, including services at a preliminary hearing and sentencing, if applicable; and
- (2) those felony cases in the trial court that are classified as drug offenses, that have not been submitted to a judge or jury, and in which there have been six hours or more spent in court in defense of the indigent defendant, including services

- at a preliminary hearing and sentencing, if applicable.
- (b) Except as provided in K.A.R. 105-5-8 and K.A.R. 105-5-6(a), reasonable compensation shall not exceed \$930 in the following cases:
- (1) Those felony cases in the trial court that are not submitted to a judge or jury, including services at a preliminary hearing and sentencing, if applicable, and are classified as severity levels 6 through 10 non-drug offenses; and
- (2) those felony cases in the trial court that are not submitted to a judge or jury, that are classified as drug offenses, and in which there have been fewer than six hours spent in court in defense of the indigent defendant, including services at a preliminary hearing and sentencing, if applicable.
- (c) Except as provided in K.A.R. 105-5-8, K.A.R. 105-5-6(a), and K.A.R. 105-5-6(b), reasonable compensation shall not exceed \$620 in the following types of cases:
- (1) Habeas corpus cases as authorized by K.S.A. 22-4503 and K.S.A. 22-4506 and amendments thereto;
- (2) cases filed pursuant to K.S.A. 60-1507 and K.S.A. 22-4506 and amendments thereto;
- (3) habeas corpus cases as authorized by K.S.A. 22-2710 and amendments thereto;
- (4) habeas corpus cases as authorized by K.S.A. 22-3428 and K.S.A. 22-3428a and amendments thereto; and
- (5) habeas corpus cases as authorized by K.S.A. 59-2965 and amendments thereto.
- (d) Except as provided in K.A.R. 105-5-8, reasonable compensation shall not exceed \$248 in the following types of cases:
- (1) Representation of grand jury witnesses determined to be indigent and called to testify pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3009 and amendments thereto;
- (2) representation of indigent persons committed to custody as material witnesses pursuant to K.S.A. 22-2805 and amendments thereto;
 - (3) probation revocation hearings; and
- (4) motions to modify sentence pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4603 and amendments thereto. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 22-4507 and 22-4522; effective May 1, 1984; amended May 1, 1985; amended May 1, 1986; amended May 1, 1988; amended, T-105-6-13-88, July 1, 1988; amended Nov. 1, 1988; amended Oct. 30, 1989; amended July 1, 1993; amended, T-105-6-15-93, July 1, 1993; amended Aug. 16, 1993; amended

Aug. 20, 1999; amended, T-105-7-5-06, July 5, 2006; amended Nov. 13, 2006; amended, T-105-8-16-10, Aug. 16, 2010; amended Nov. 5, 2010.)

105-5-7. Reasonable compensation; tried cases. Each appointed and assigned attorney shall be compensated for time expended in representing indigent defendants at the hourly rate prescribed in K.A.R. 105-5-2. Except as provided in K.A.R. 105-5-8, reasonable compensation for felony cases tried on pleas of not guilty and submitted to a judge or jury for adjudication, including compensation for services at the preliminary hearing, sentencing, and motions to modify the sentence, shall not exceed the following:

- (a) \$1,860 for felonies classified as non-drug offenses of severity levels 5 through 10;
- (b) \$2,480 for felonies classified as non-drug offenses of severity level 4 and felonies classified as drug offenses of severity levels 2 through 4; and
- (c) \$6,200 for felonies classified as non-drug offenses of severity levels 1 through 3, off-grid felonies, and felonies classified as drug offenses of severity level 1. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 22-4507 and 22-4522; effective May 1, 1984; amended, T-105-6-13-88, July 1, 1988; amended Nov. 1, 1988; amended Oct. 30, 1989; amended July 1, 1993; amended, T-105-6-15-93, July 1, 1993; amended Aug. 16, 1993; amended Aug. 20, 1999; amended, T-105-7-5-06, July 5, 2006; amended Nov. 13, 2006; amended, T-105-8-16-10, Aug. 16, 2010; amended Nov. 5, 2010.)

105-5-8. Compensation; exceptional cases. (a) Any compensation for attorneys' services in excess of the amounts set out in K.A.R. 105-5-6 and K.A.R. 105-5-7 may be approved only in exceptional cases. A finding by the court that a case is exceptional shall be subject to final approval by the board. An exceptional case shall mean any of the following:

- (1) Any case involving a felony charge in the trial court that is off grid;
- (2) any felony case tried on a not guilty plea in which there have been 25 or more hours spent in court in defense of the indigent defendant;
- (3) any felony case not submitted to a judge or jury in which there have been 10 hours or more of in-court time spent in defense of the indigent defendant; or
- (4) any case that has been declared an exceptional case by the court due to its complexity or other significant characteristics.

- (b) Each claim for compensation in an exceptional case shall be accompanied by a specific finding in a court order setting forth the basis for the declaration that the case is exceptional.
- (c) Reasonable compensation for attorneys' services in exceptional cases shall not exceed \$6,200 per case. However, additional compensation may be approved by the board if warranted by the extreme complexity of the case. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 22-4507 and 22-4522; effective May 1, 1984; amended, T-105-6-13-88, July 1, 1988; amended Nov. 1, 1988; amended Oct. 30, 1989; amended July 1, 1993; amended, T-105-6-15-93, July 1, 1993; amended Aug. 16, 1993; amended Aug. 20, 1999; amended, T-105-7-5-06, July 5, 2006; amended Nov. 13, 2006; amended, T-105-8-16-10, Aug. 16, 2010; amended Nov. 5, 2010.)

Article 11.—REIMBURSEMENT FROM DEFENDANT

105-11-1. Defendant reimbursement of attorney fees. The document titled "attorney cost reimbursement tables: assigned counsel and public defender," as revised by the state board of indigents' defense services on June 10, 2011, is hereby adopted by reference. (Authorized by K.S.A. 22-4504; implementing K.S.A. 22-4522 (e); effective, T-105-10-3-05, Oct. 3, 2005; effective Feb. 17, 2006; amended, T-105-7-5-06, July 5, 2006; amended Nov. 13, 2006; amended, T-105-7-26-07, July 26, 2007; amended Nov. 26, 2007; amended, T-105-8-12-08, Aug. 12, 2008; amended Dec. 29, 2008; amended, T-105-6-26-09, June 26, 2009; amended Oct. 16, 2009; amended, T-105-8-16-10, Aug. 16, 2010; amended Nov. 5, 2010; amended, T-105-7-22-11, July 22, 2011; amended Nov. 14, 2011.)